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# Recent advances in 3D Videocommunication

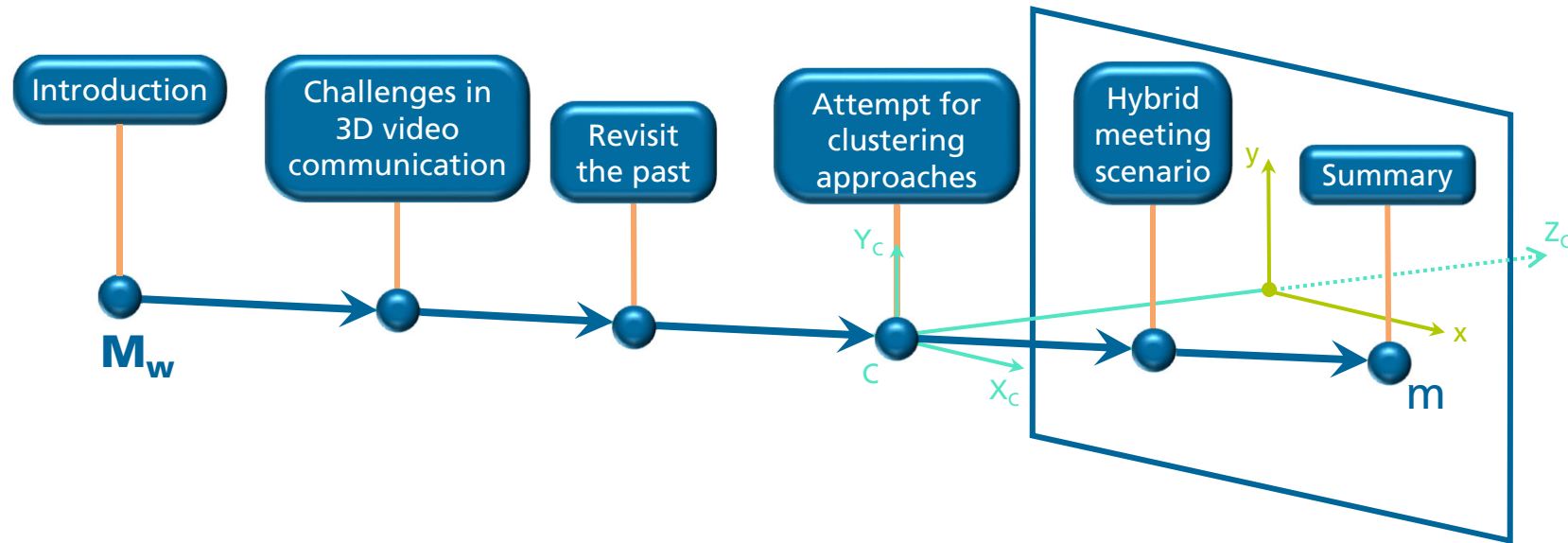
Dr. Oliver Schreer

Spring School - Social XR @ CWI, Amsterdam, 7<sup>th</sup> March 2024

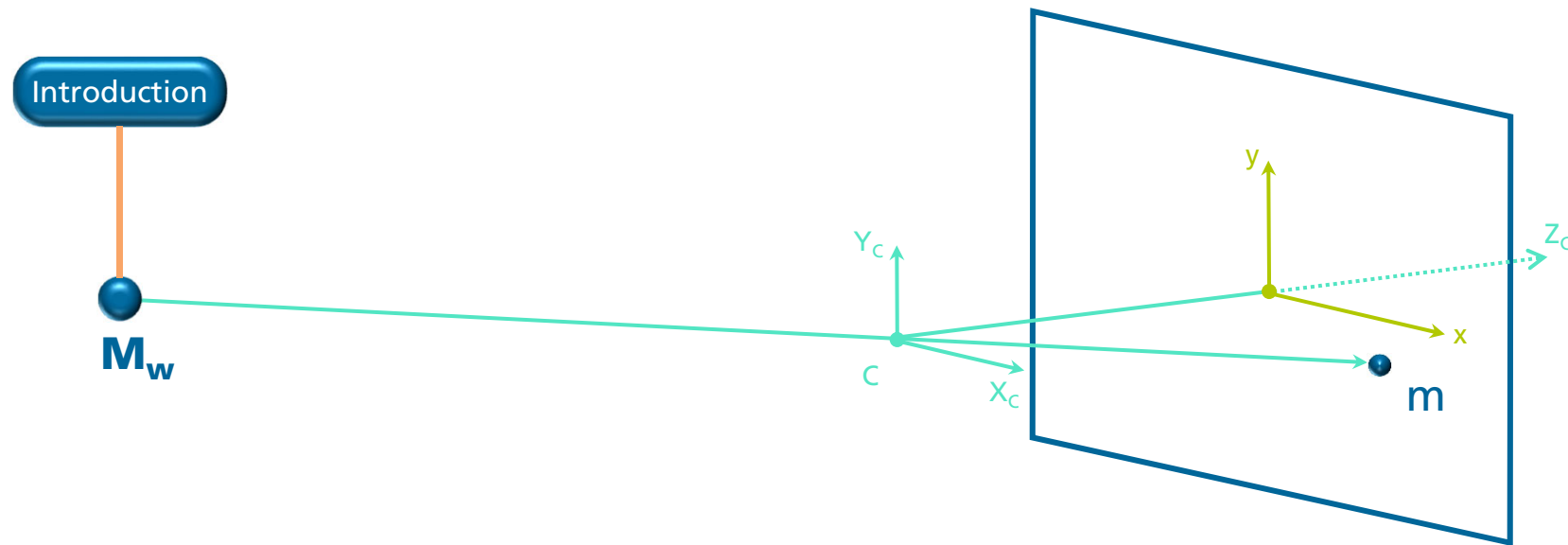
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# A walk along the optical ray



# A walk along the optical ray



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# Short introduction

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- Since 1998 – research associate of Fraunhofer Heinrich-Hertz-Institut (HHI)
- 1999 – PhD on “Stereo Image Processing and Navigation in Mobile Robotics”
- Since 2002 – lecturer at TU Berlin on “Stereo Image Processing” and “View Synthesis”
- 2006 – Habilitation degree
- 2015 – Head of research group “Immersive Media & Communication”
- 2 European projects coordinated (FP6 Rushes, H2020 XR4All)
- Participation in 10+ EC projects
- Member of Board of Directors of XR4Europe
- 140+ publications



# Vision & Imaging Technologies



Computer Vision & Graphics



Immersive Media & Communication



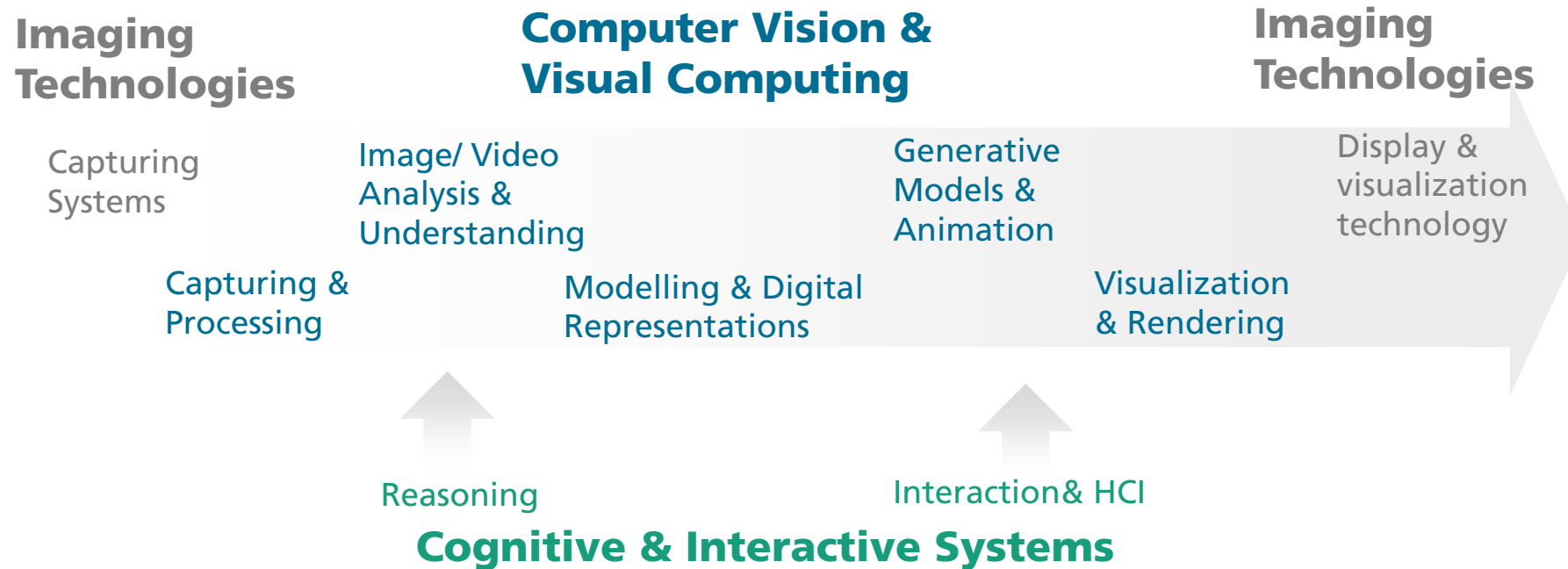
Capture & Display Systems



Interactive & Cognitive Systems

# Vision & Imaging Technologies

Innovative research along the entire video processing chain





# Fields of Application



Industry & Construction



Medicine



Security



Multimedia



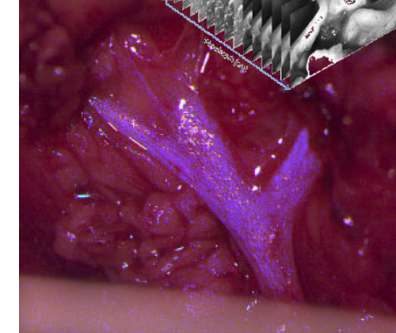
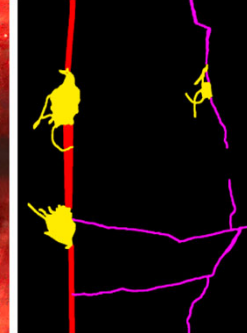
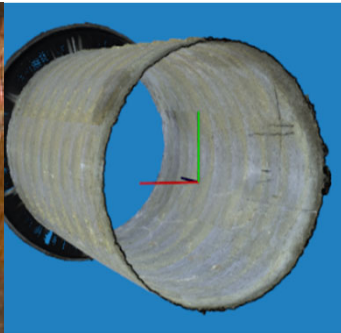
Agriculture & Environment



Mobility

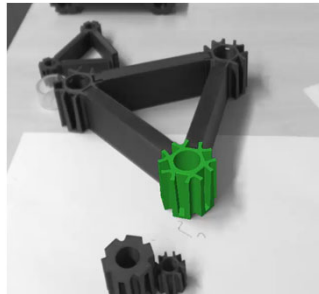
# Vision & Imaging Technologies

## Core Competences



**3D Reconstruction**

**Scene Understanding / Multispectral Imaging**



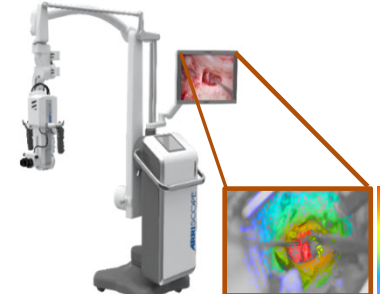
**3D Tracking**



**Analysis and Synthesis of Humans**



**Augmented / Extended Reality**

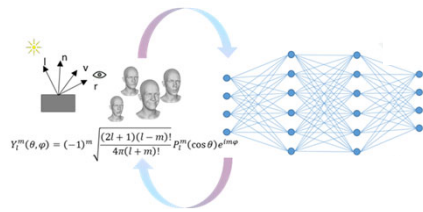




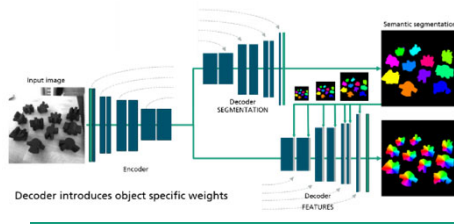
# Research Activities

## Methodologies

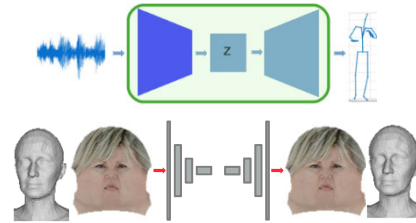
### Model-based Deep Learning



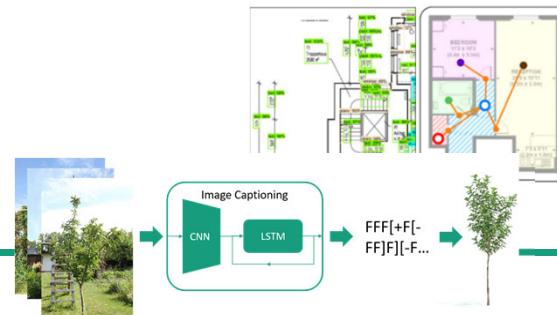
### Training with synthetic Data



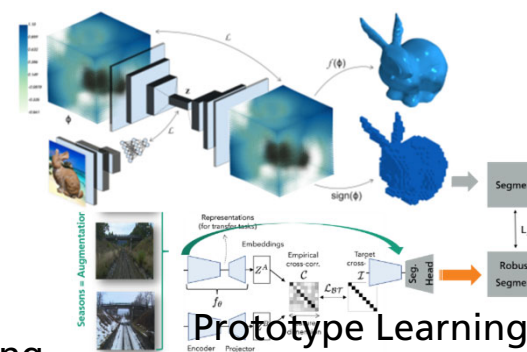
### Generative Models (GAN, VAE, Diffusion..)



### AI-based Procedural Modeling



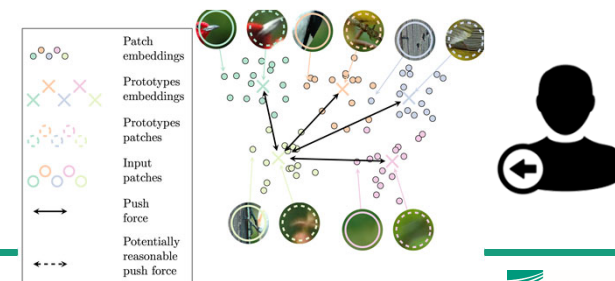
### Neural Representations (NeRF, Gaussian Splats)



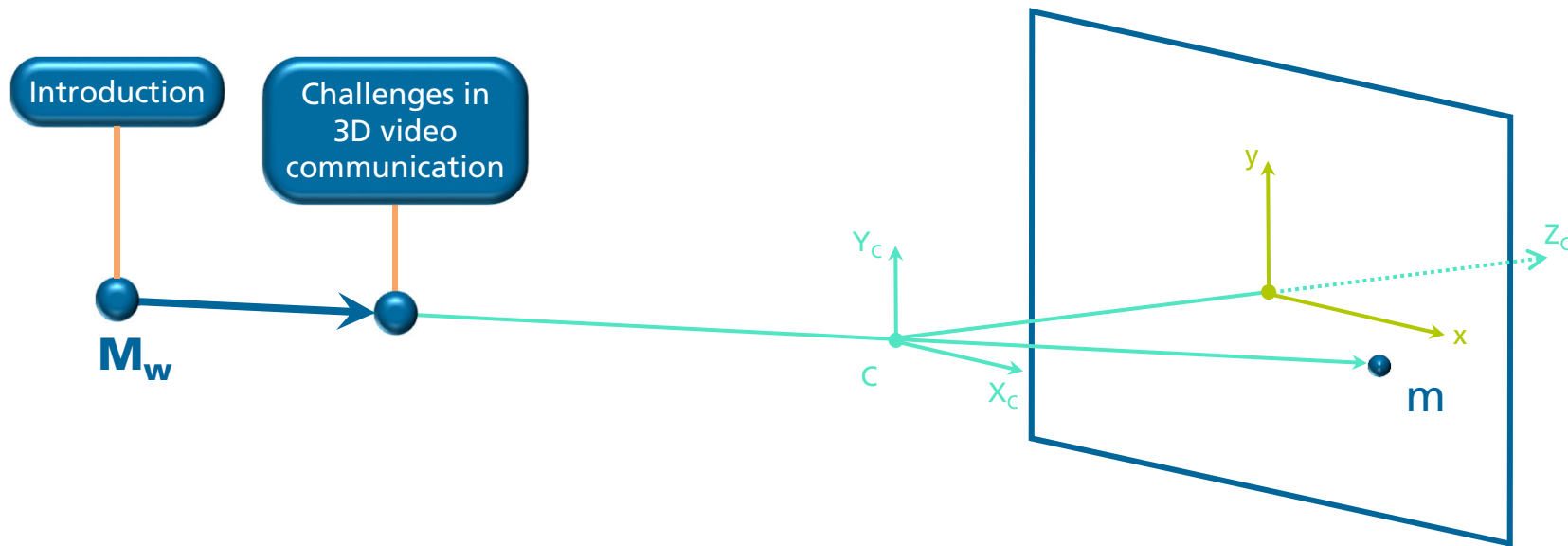
### Prototype Learning

### Robustness and Domain Adaptation

### Human in the Loop



# A walk along the optical ray



# Challenges in 3D video communication

1. Misleading gesture representation in multi-point or Multi-party setups (who is pointing at whom?)

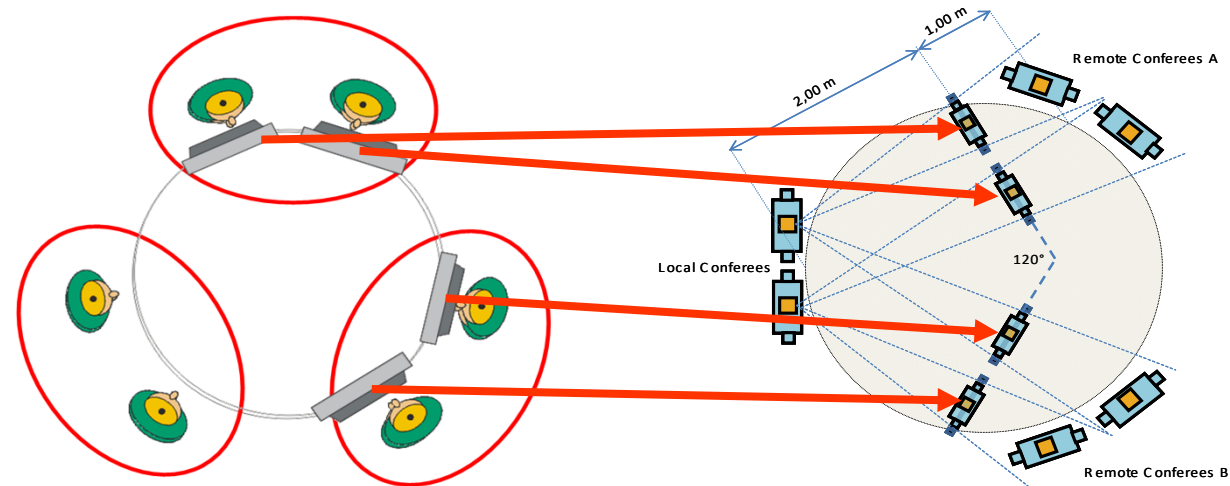


View from left local to right remote



View from right local to right remote

# The Principle of the Shared Table



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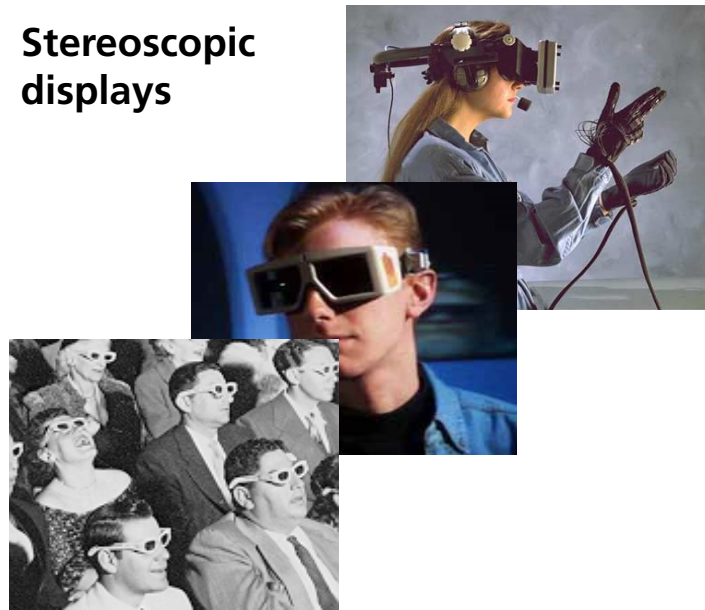
# Challenges in 3D video communication

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1. Misleading gesture representation in multi-point setups (who is pointing at whom?)
2. No stereoscopic viewing

# Which Display Technologies for 3D?

**Stereoscopic displays**



**Autostereoscopic displays**



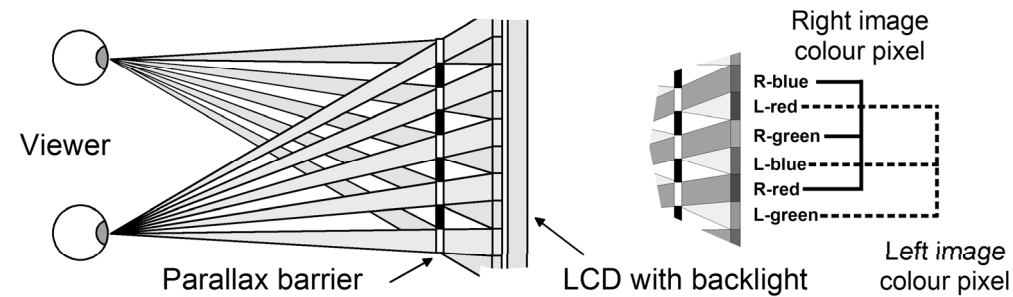
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# The Answer is Given by Our Former Chancellor

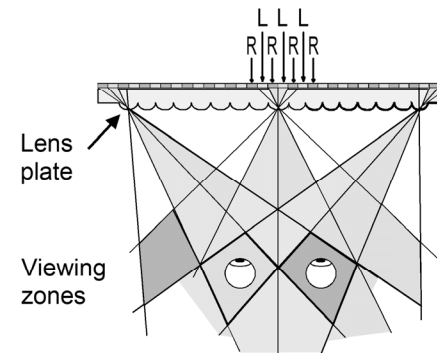
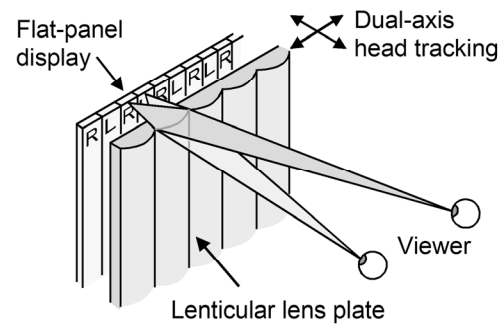
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# Autostereoscopic Display Technology



**Parallax barrier**  
(single user)



**Lenticular lens plate**  
(multi user)

# Snapshot on Autostereoscopic Display Market

## Leia Inc. (former Dimenco)

UHD 32"

- 8k resolution
- lenticular



## Alioscopy 3D

Full HD 21.5" - 55"

- 8 views
- lenticular

UHD 31.5" - 84"

- 16 views
- lenticular



## Holografika, Light Field display

- 30" up to 140"
- 1280 x 768 per view
- Continuous motion parallax
- Still images

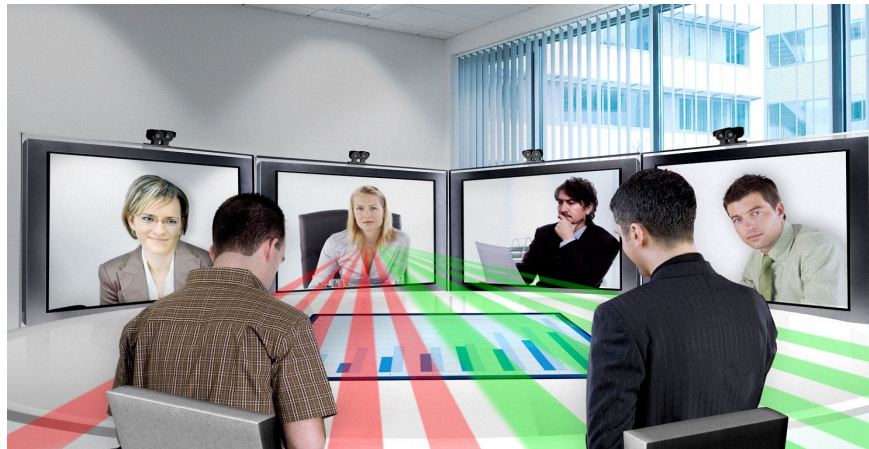


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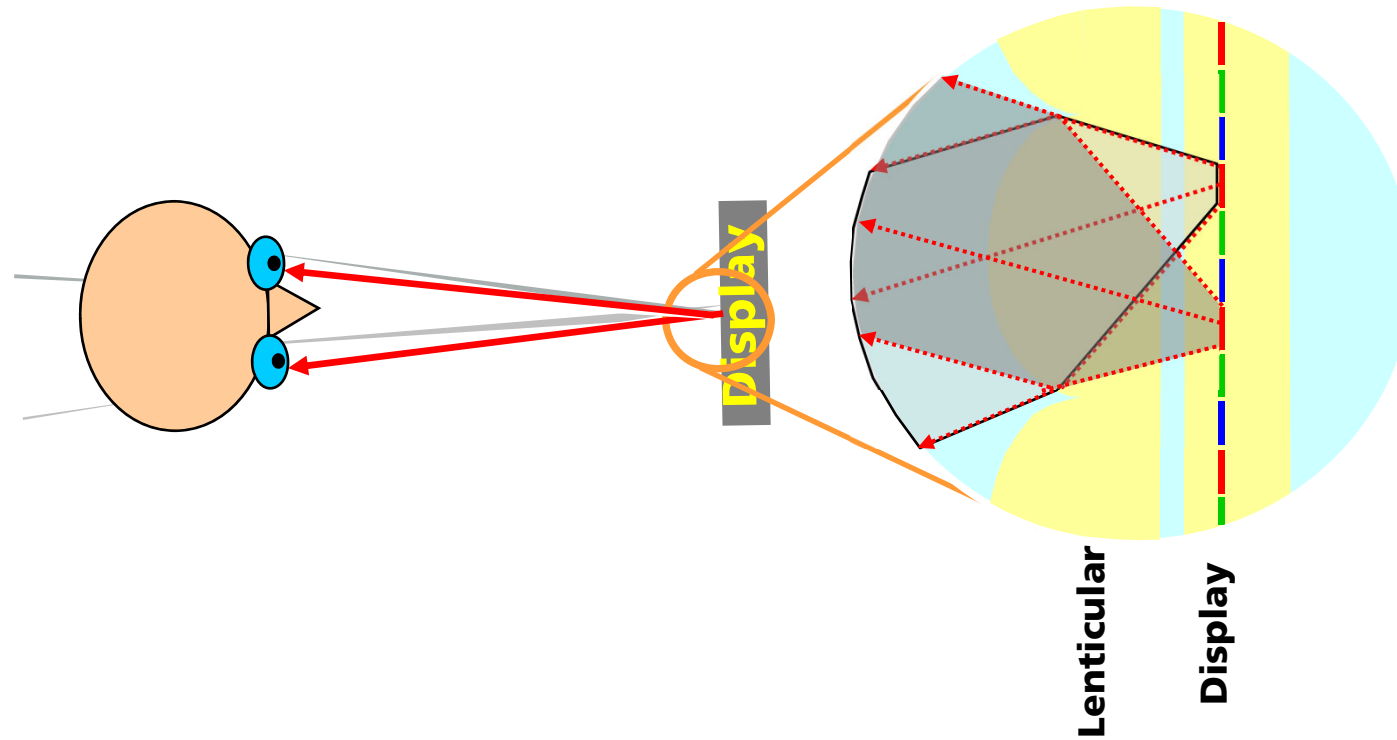
# Challenges in 3D video communication

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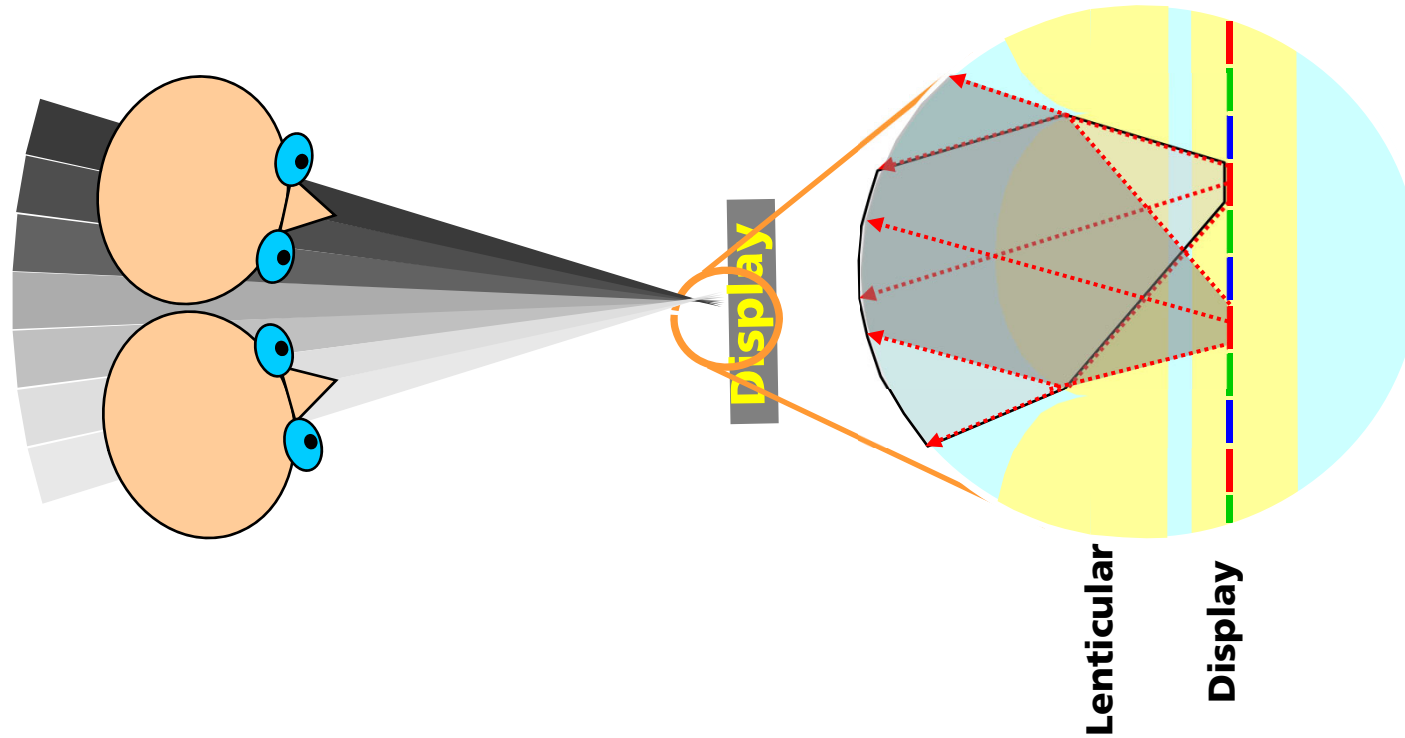
1. Misleading gesture representation in multi-point setups (who is pointing at whom?)
2. No stereoscopic viewing
3. No multi-perspective viewing for multiple users at one site



# Lenticular Design



# Lenticular Design – Multiple Views





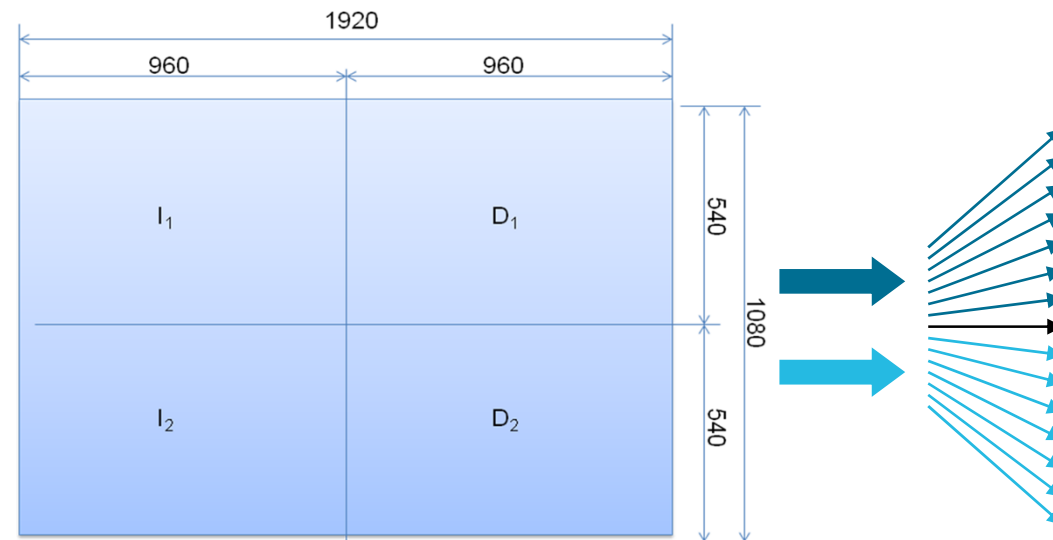
## 15 views, slant 1/6

### Slant 1/6:

- + Favourable spatial distribution of pixels
- + Less moiré

# Video Format

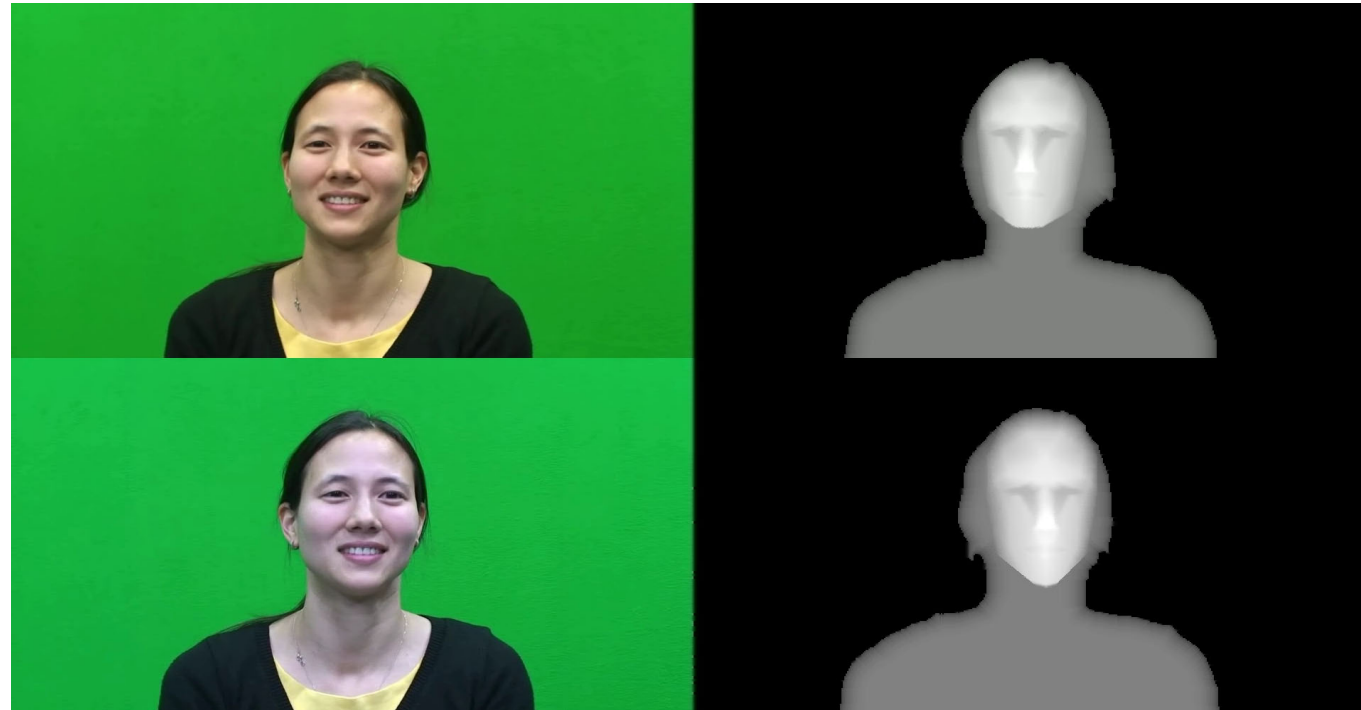
- Input: dual video + depth format → 15 views
- 7 views will be generated from one video + depth
- 2 different perspectives, 7 views each + 1 blank view = 15



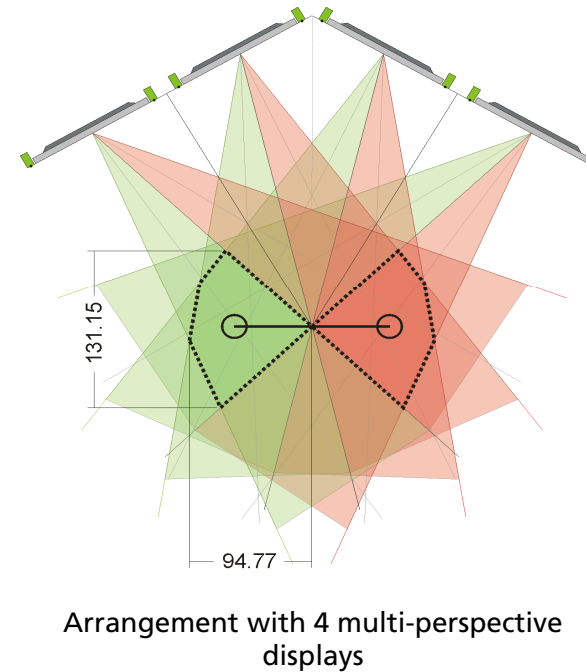
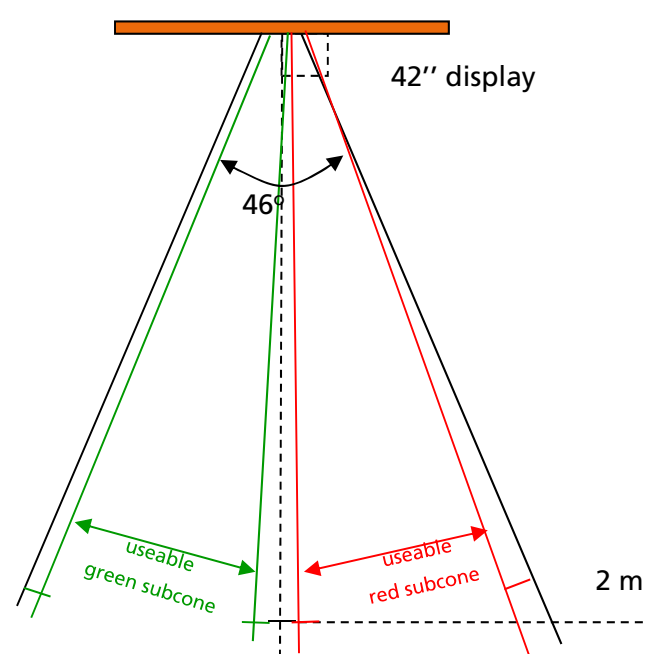
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## Example of Dual Video + Depth Format

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# Arrangement of 4 Multi-Perspective Displays



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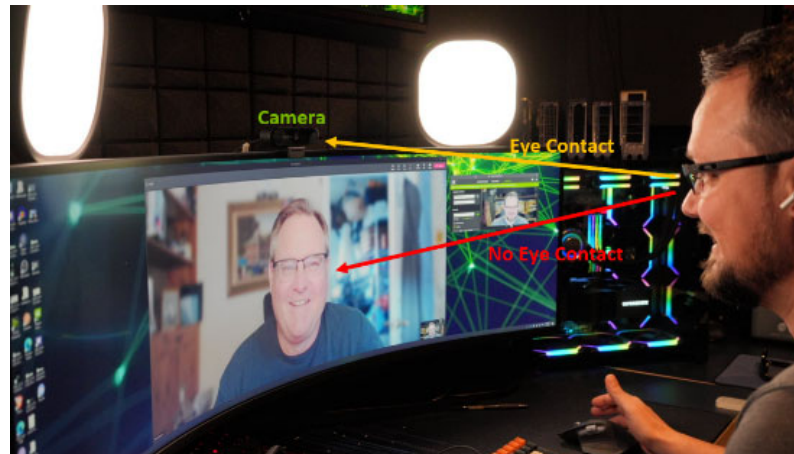
# Example

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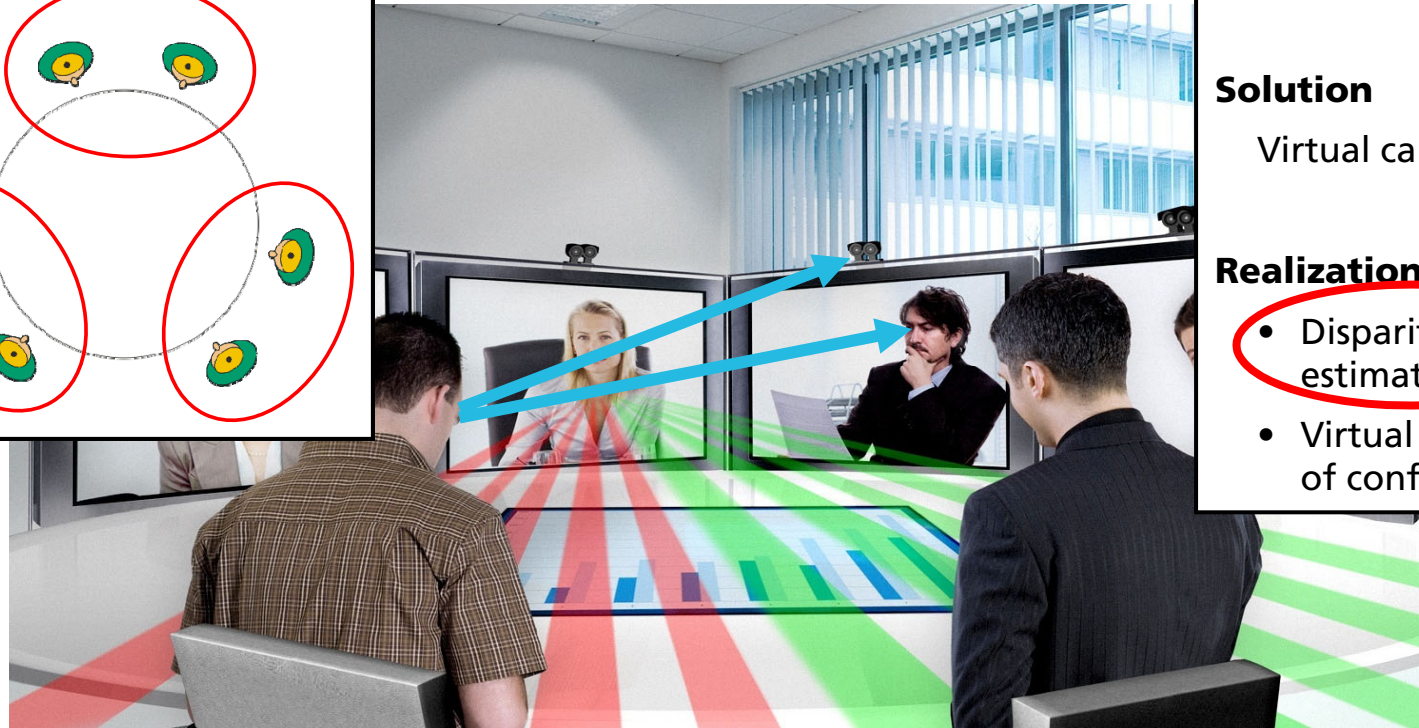
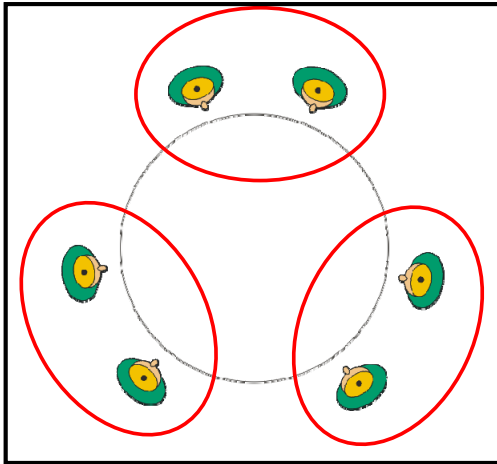
# Challenges in 3D video communication

1. Misleading gesture representation in multi-point setups (who is pointing at whom?)
2. No stereoscopic viewing
3. No multi-perspective viewing for multiple users at one site
4. Lack of eye contact





# Problem of Eye Contact



## Problem

Displacement angle

## Solution

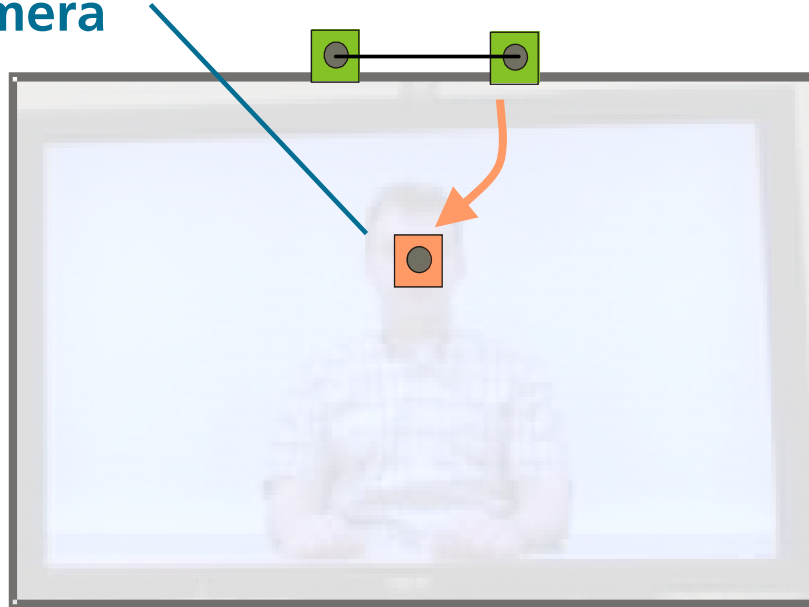
Virtual camera

## Realization

- Disparity/depth estimation
- Virtual rotation of conferee

# Novel view rendering

Video + depth for  
virtual camera



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# Summary

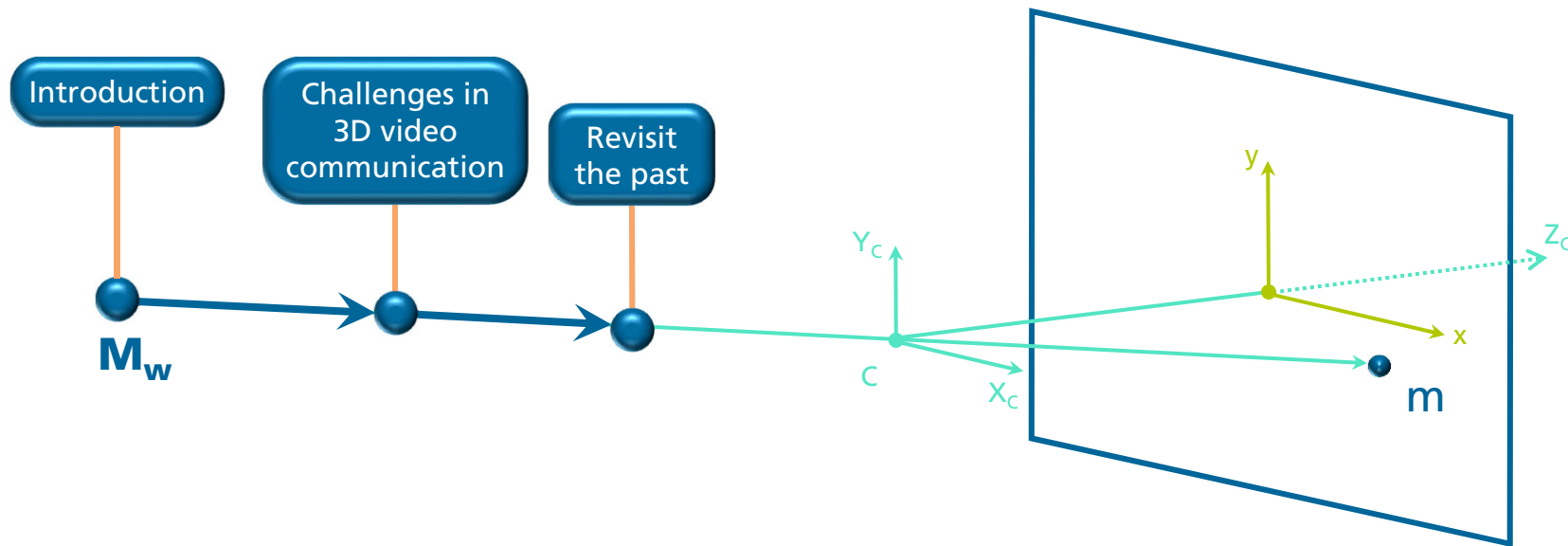
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- Gesture representation in multi-point setups (who points at whom?)  
→ shared table principle
- Stereoscopic viewing → autostereoscopic displays
- Multi-perspective viewing for multiple users → novel multi-perspective 3D display
- Lack of eye contact → virtual view rendering

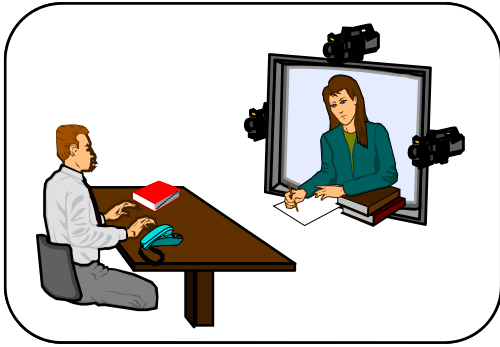
**Real-time 3D video processing is required for**

- **support of multi-view multi-perspective 3D displays**
- **provision of eye contact by virtual view rendering**

# A walk along the optical ray



# Revisit the past – virtual eye contact



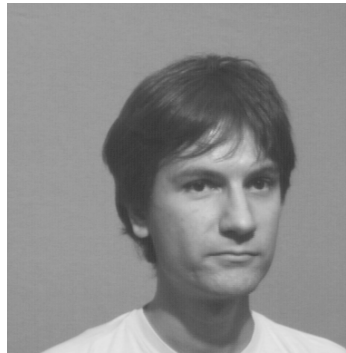
ACTS Panorama  
(1995-1998)



global disparity estimator



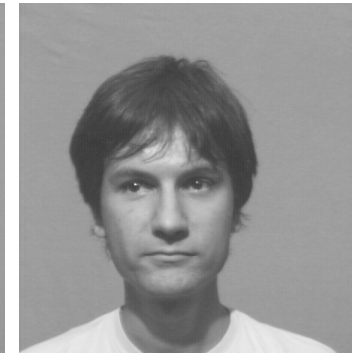
local disparity estimator



original left



interpolated



original right

# Revisit the past – virtual eye contact



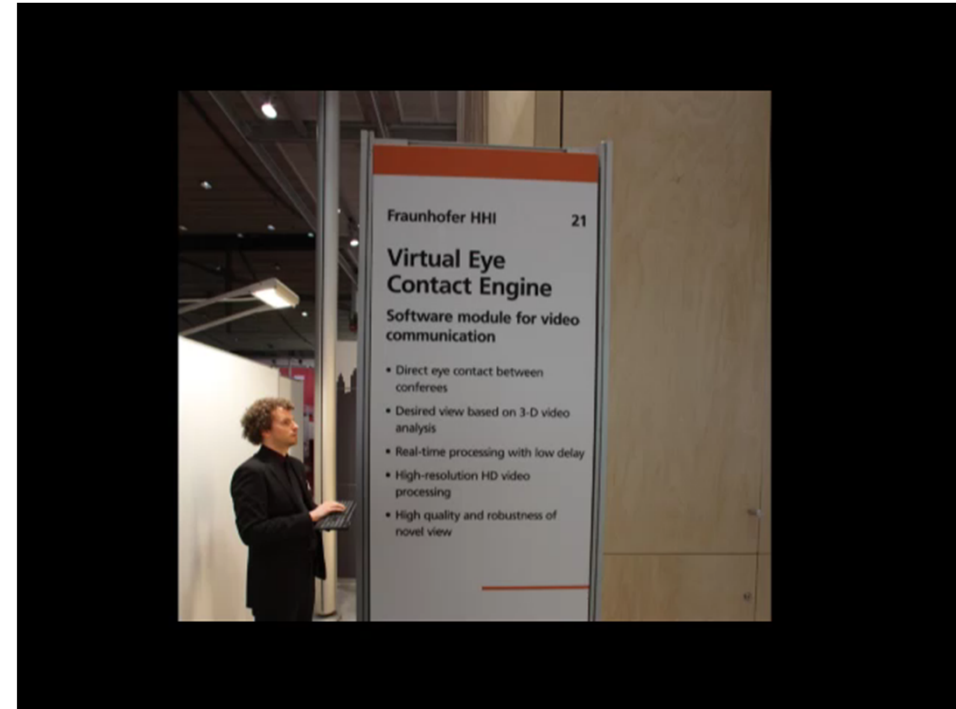
IST Project Virtue ('00-'03)



FP7 3DPresence ('08-'11)



Virtual Eye Contact Engine ('10-'11)



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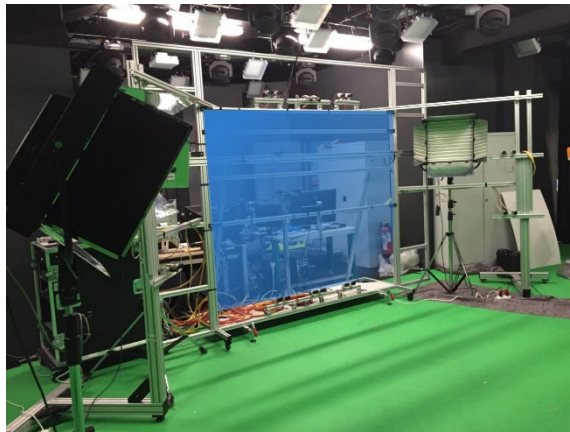
# Revisit the past – virtual eye contact

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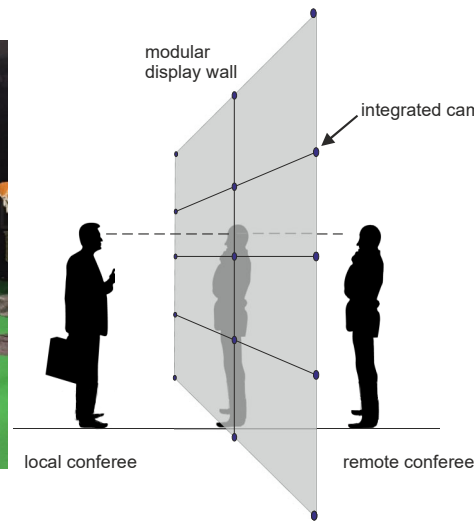
TRIFOCAL BASELINE SYSTEM



## Revisit the past – FVV (free viewpoint video) and FTV (free viewpont television)



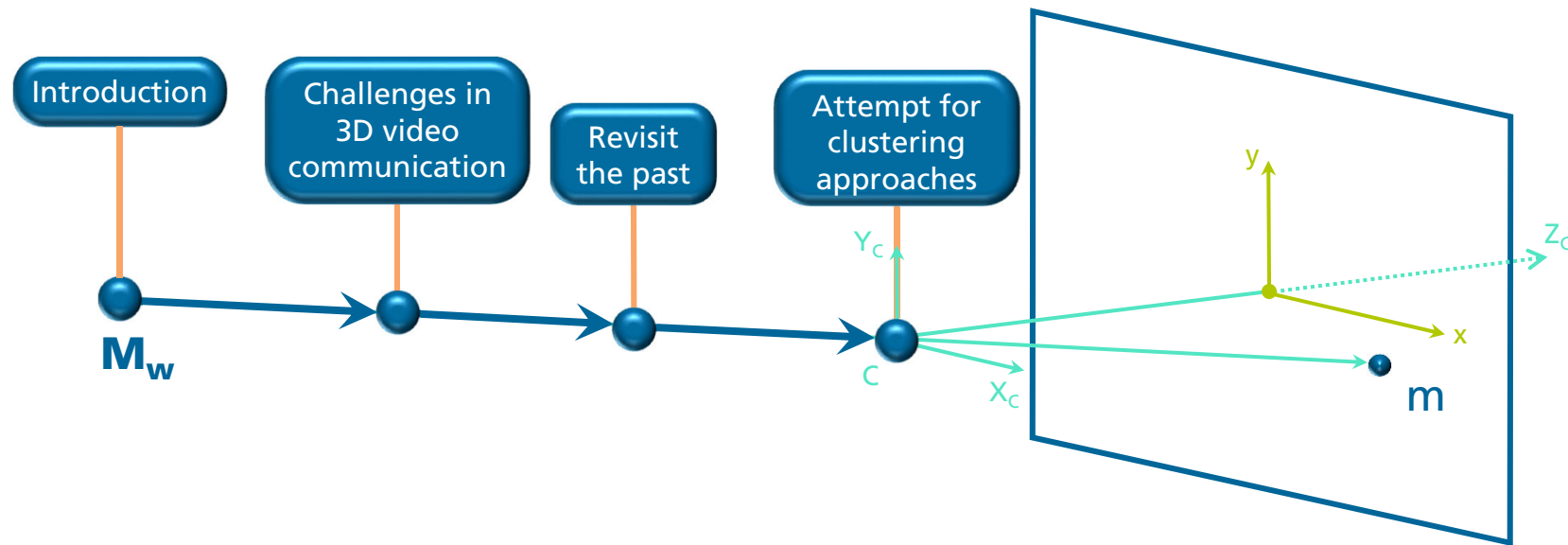
Telepresence wall, 2013,  
Fraunhofer HHI



2006, 100 camera system,  
Univ. Nagoya, Japan



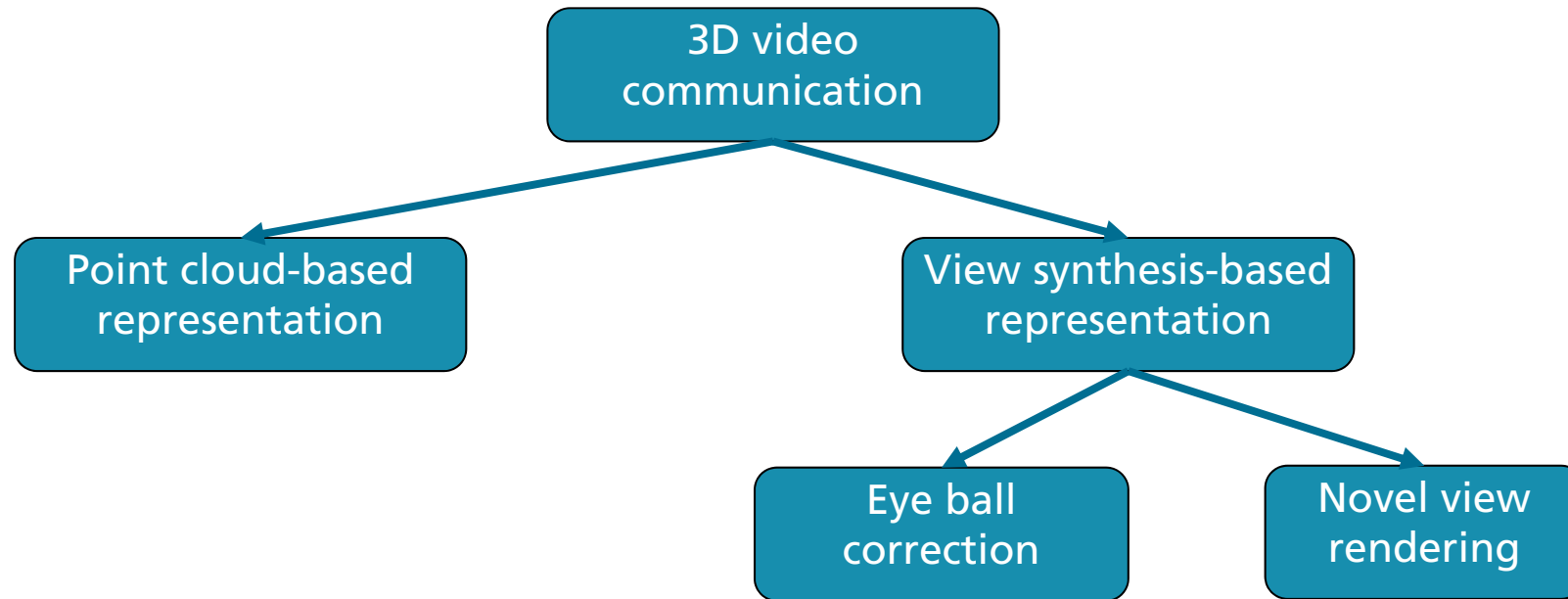
# A walk along the optical ray



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# Attempt for classification

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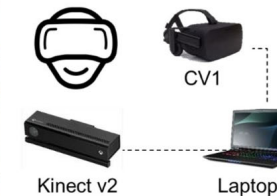
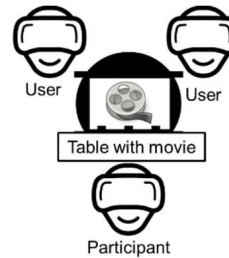


# Point-cloud based representations



- Real-time Social XR system by CWI<sup>1</sup>

- TogetherVR by TNO<sup>2</sup>



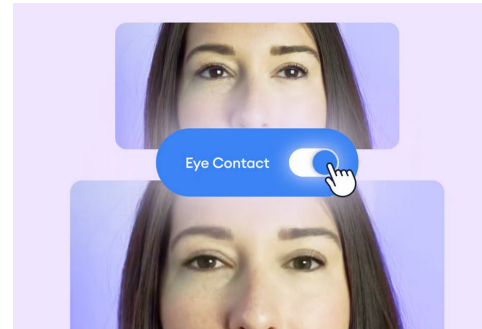
<sup>1</sup> Viola, J. Jansen, S. Subramanyam, I. Reimat and P. Cesar, "VR2Gather: A Collaborative, Social Virtual Reality System for Adaptive, Multiparty Real-Time Communication," in *IEEE MultiMedia*, vol. 30, no. 2, pp. 48-59, April-June 2023, doi: 10.1109/MMUL.2023.3263943.

<sup>2</sup> Simon N. B. Gunkel, Hans M. Stokking, Martin J. Prins, Nanda van der Stap, Frank B. ter Haar, and Omar A. Niamut. 2018. Virtual reality conferencing: multi-user immersive VR experiences on the web. *Proc. of the 9th ACM Multimedia Systems Conference (MMSys '18)*

# Creating eye contact through manipulating eyes



NVIDIA Maxine Eye Contact



VEED.IO

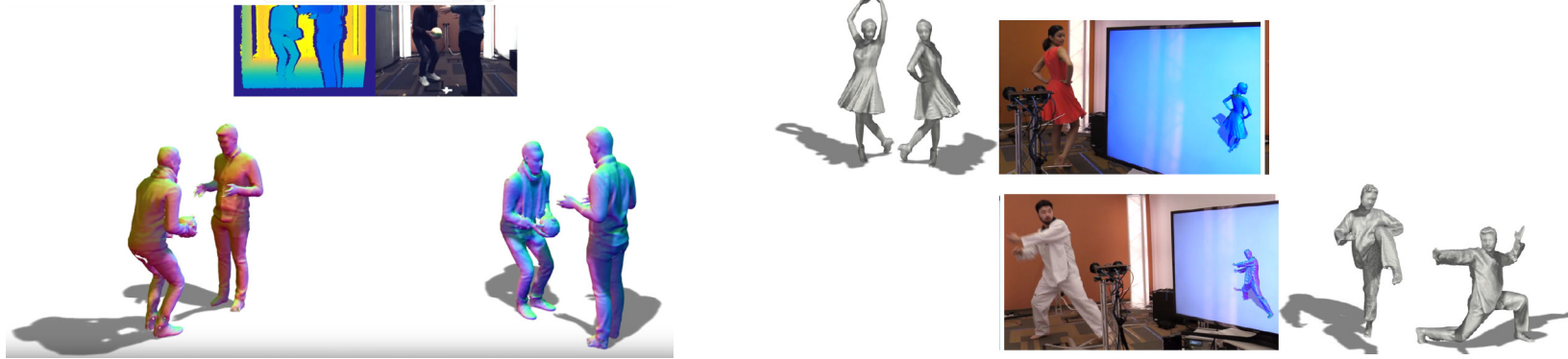


Isikdogan et. al. 2020,  
WACV

... and many more such as Microsoft eye contact correction for Surface Pro X and Windows 11

- AI-based algorithm for gaze estimation and redirection
- Provides natural eye contact
- Solution for one-to-one communication (Zoom, ...)
- ... but NO solution for one-to-many (who is looking at whom)

# Real-time performance capture – Fusion4D

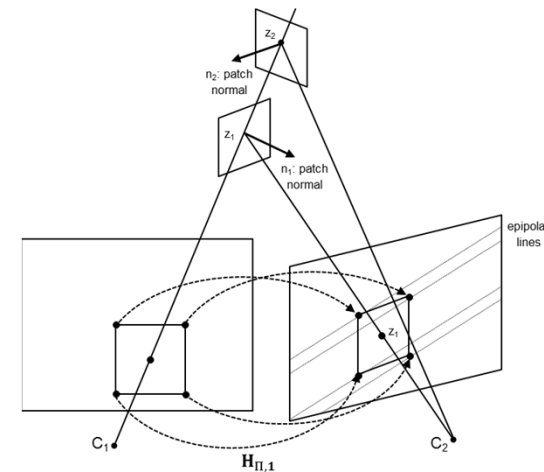
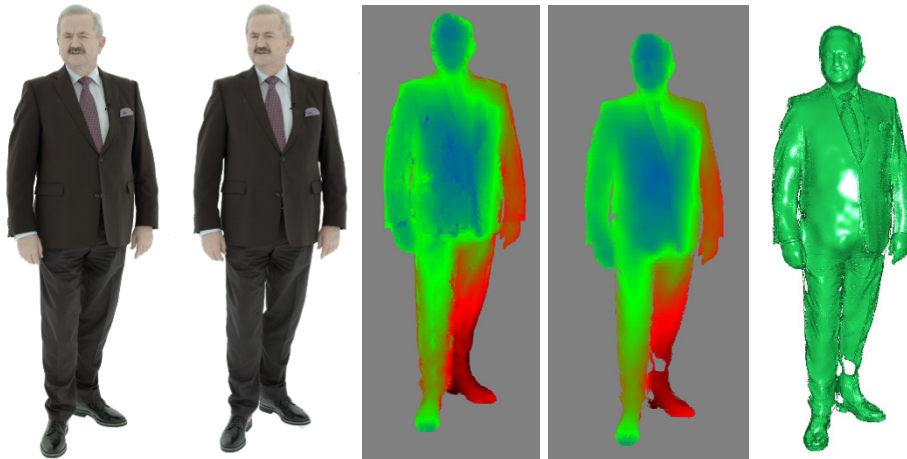


- 24 cameras (1 Mpixel res) in trinocular arrangement
- Depth estimation using the PatchMatch Stereo algorithm [Bleyer et al. 2011]
- 8 depth maps fused to mesh

M. Dou, S. Khamis, Y. Degtyarev, Ph. Davidson, S.R. Fanello, A. Kowdle, S. Orts-Escolano, Ch. Rhemann, D. Kim, J. Taylor, P. Kohli, V. Tankovich, S. Izadi. 2016. Fusion4D: real-time performance capture of challenging scenes. ACM Trans. Graph. 35, 4, Article 114 (July 2016)

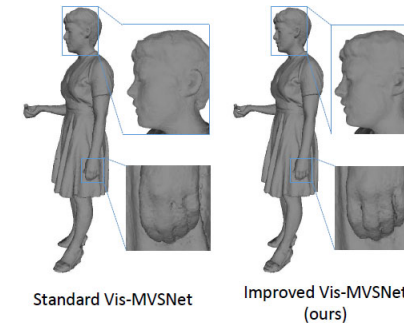
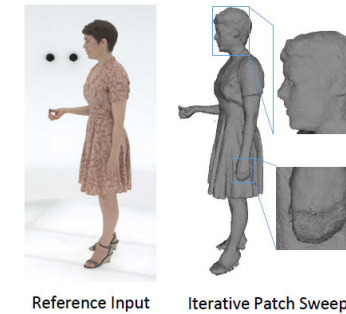
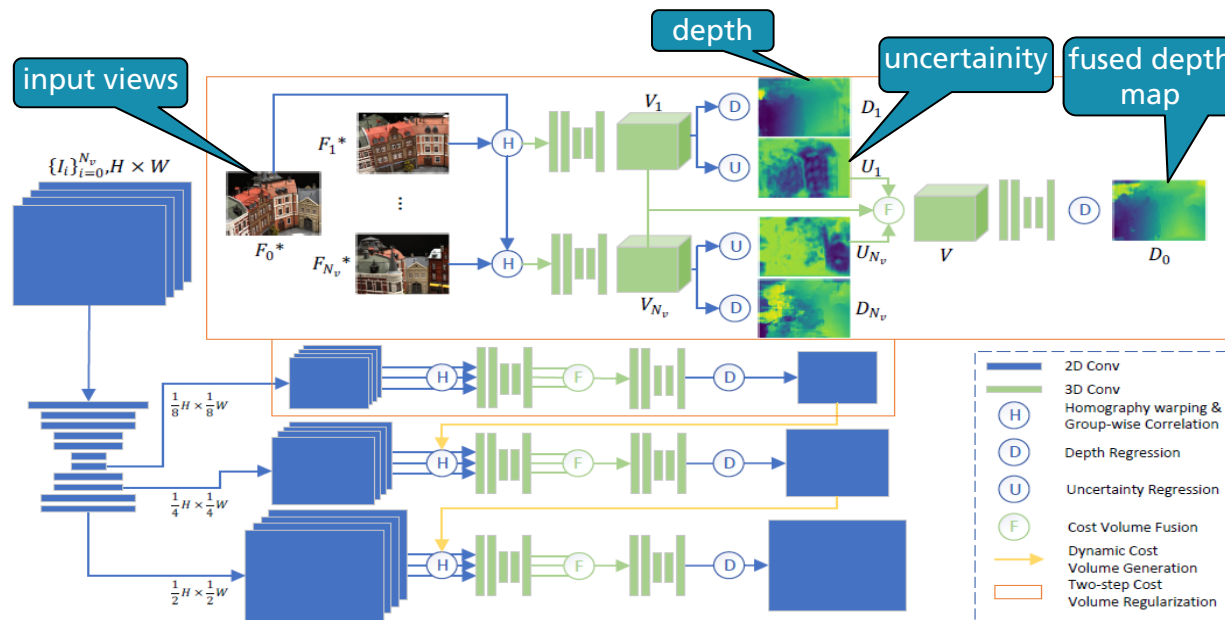
# Stereo-based Depth Estimation (Surface-Region Matching)

- Spatial candidates and a statistically guided update for comparison (no search range)
- Spatial 3D patches are projected from  $L \rightarrow R$  and  $R \rightarrow L$  followed by consistency check
- Iterative structure serves parallel processing on GPU



- O. Schreer, I. Feldmann, S. Renault, M. Zepp, P. Eisert, P. Kauff, Capture and 3D Video Processing of Volumetric Video, IEEE International Conference on Image Processing (ICIP), Taipei, Taiwan, September 2019.

# Learning-based Depth Estimation (Vis-MVS)

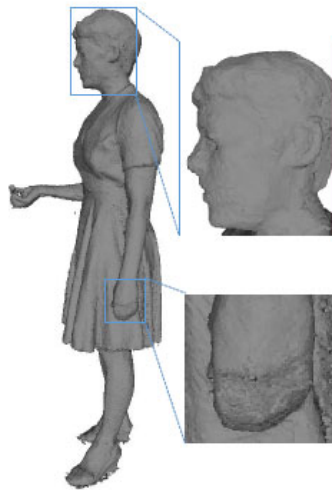


- D. Chen, M. Worchel, I. Feldmann, O. Schreer, P. Eisert, Accurate human body reconstruction for volumetric video, 2021 Int. Conf. on 3D Immersion, Brussels, Belgium, December 2021, **Best paper award**

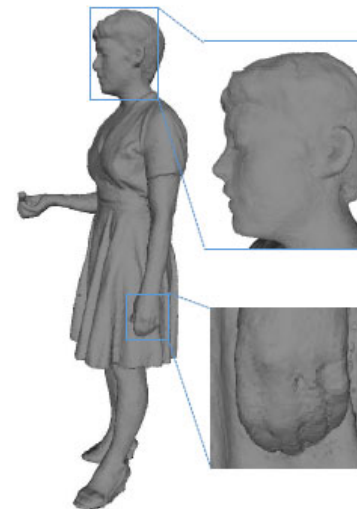
# Learning-based Depth Estimation (Vis-MVS)



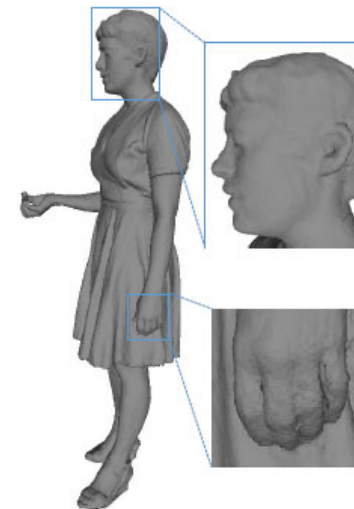
Reference Input



Iterative Patch Sweep



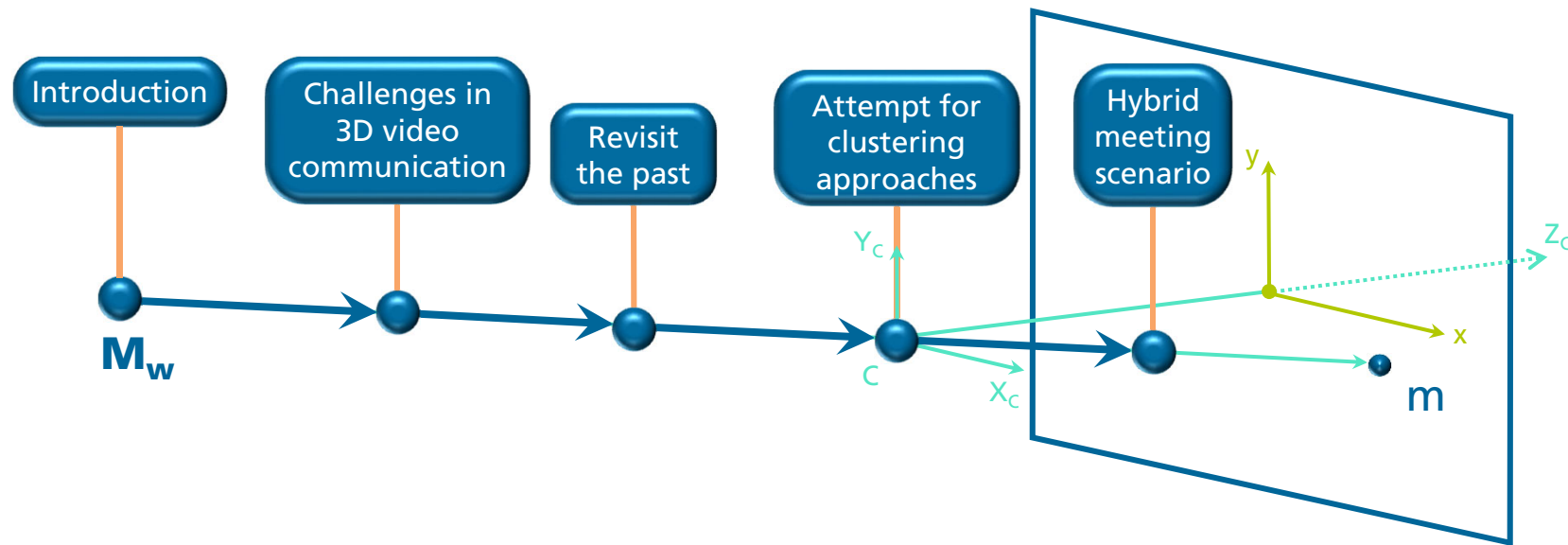
Standard Vis-MVSNet



Improved Vis-MVSNet  
(ours)



# A walk along the optical ray



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# Hybrid meeting scenario

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- Two real persons meet a remote person

## Challenges

- Eye contact
- Different perspectives for both real person
- High-quality rendering



# Hybrid meeting scenario

## The worlds first two view display



### Features

- View separation at two distinct regions in space
- Moving area in a 50cm circle
- 4k panel allows rendering of 2 views in HD resolution

# Hybrid meeting scenario

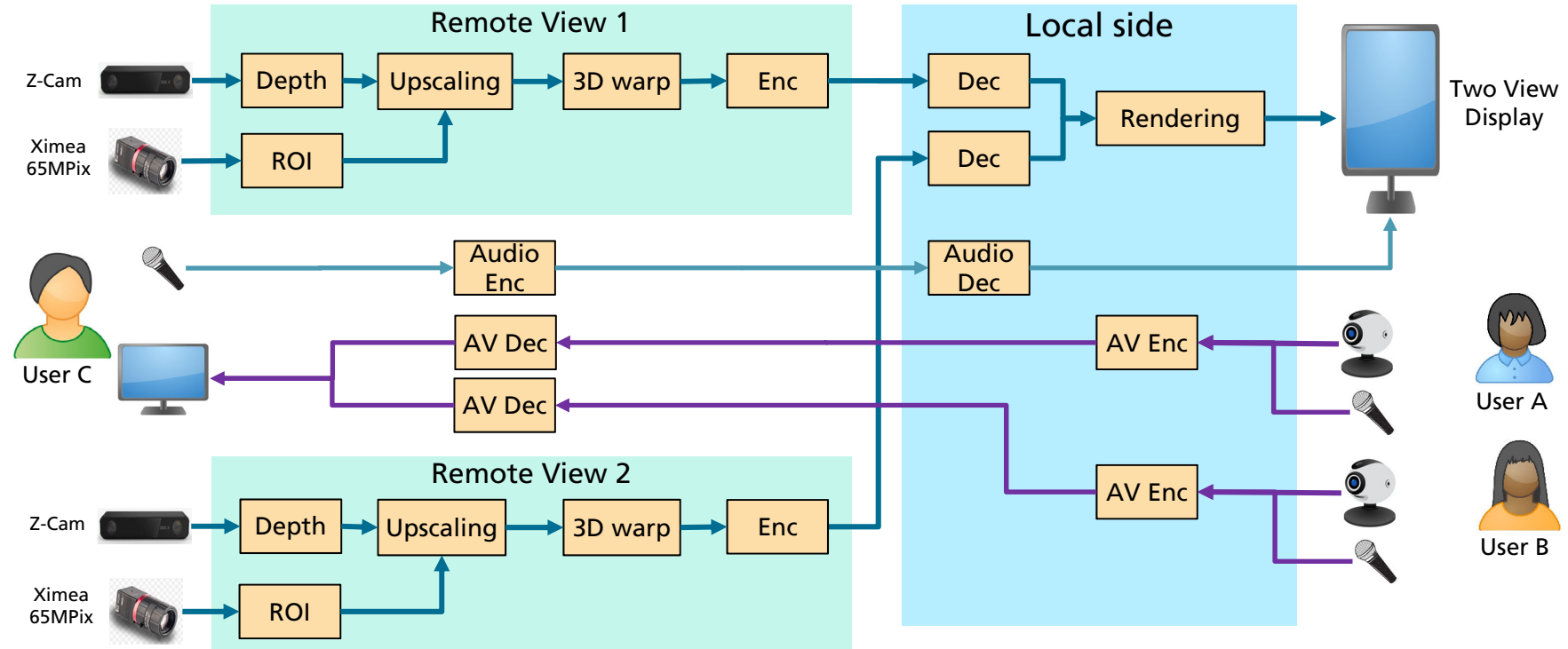
## Remote 3D Setup



### Features

- Low-res 3D camera
- High-res 65 MPix camera
- Fusion of low-res depth and high-res texture
- Real-time @12 FPS
- Delay below 50 msec.

# 3D Multi-View Workflow



# Hybrid meeting scenario

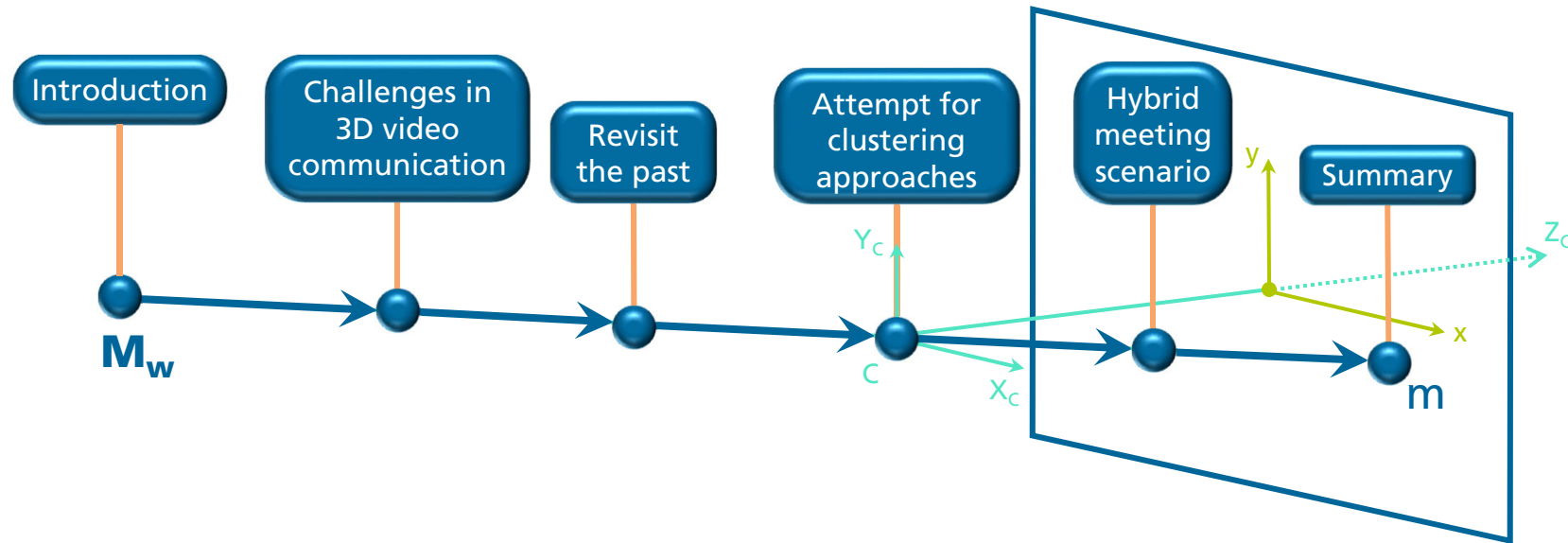
## Results

Real-time low  
delay 3D  
processing



Boundary processing using Codeformer

# A walk along the optical ray



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# Summary

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- True immersive video communication is a relevant topic since two decades
- Pandemic has led to a new rise of the topic
- Various challenges for immersive video communication require different solutions
- Eye contact for point-to-point communication is solved
- Real-time multi-party immersive 3D video communication still a challenge
- Deep Learning supports high-quality novel view rendering



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# Fraunhofer Institute for Telecommunications, Heinrich-Hertz-Institut, HHI

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**WE PUT SCIENCE  
INTO ACTION.**

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Einsteinufer 37

10587 Berlin



**Many thanks to my colleagues, contributing to this talk:**

Decai Chen, Ingo Feldmann, Marcus Zepp